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| SUGHRUE MION, PLLC | | | ABDULSELAM, ABBAS I | |
| 2100 PENNS SUITE 800 | SYLVANIA AVENUE, N | I.W. | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| WASHINGTON, DC 20037 | | | 2629 | |

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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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| | | Application No. | Applicant(s) |
| | | 10/633,618 | HA, HOESEONG |
| | Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit |
| | | Abbas I. Abdulselam | 2629 |
| Period fo | The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply | ears on the cover sheet with the c | orrespondence address |
| A SH WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any | CORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Depend for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tirr rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE | N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133). |
| Status | | | |
| | Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>06 Fe</u> This action is FINAL . 2b) This Since this application is in condition for allowan closed in accordance with the practice under E | action is non-final. ace except for formal matters, pro | |
| Dispositi | ion of Claims | | |
| 5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□ | Claim(s) 1-10 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-10 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or | vn from consideration. | |
| Applicati | ion Papers | | |
| 10) | The specification is objected to by the Examiner The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the conference of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 1. | epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj | e 37 CFR 1.85(a). lected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). |
| Priority ι | ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | |
| a)[| Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priori application from the International Bureau See the attached detailed Office action for a list of | s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been received (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | on No ed in this National Stage |
| Attachmen | t(s) | _ | |
| 2) Notic 3) Infor | e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date | 4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other: | |

Application/Control Number: 10/633,618 Page 2

Art Unit: 2629

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments filed on 02/06/02 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues that the cited reference, Takahashi et al. (USPN 5923268) does not teach "changing an equipment mode of the universal remote control to a display apparatus mode when the stored information on the input buttons is the information on the input buttons related to the selection of the external inputs into the display apparatus".

However, as shown in the art rejection below, Takahashi teaches a user is required to preset the remote controller 100, and illustrates as shown in Fig. 3 how a user wants to stop CD player 302 and start reproduction by video deck 303 to produce sounds from speakers and display images on television 304 (col. 2, lines 65-66 and col. 3, lines 1-15). Hence Takahashi's teaching with respect to a transition from CD player to displaying images on TV read over the argued claim limitation.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by anticipated by Takahashi et al. (USPN 5923268).

Art Unit: 2629

Regarding claims 1 and 5, Takahashi teaches method of controlling a universal remote control for remotely controlling a plurality of equipment including a display apparatus, (Fig. 2 (201), key group) comprising the steps of: storing information on input buttons to be subsequently selected when an external input select button of the universal remote control is selected; (Fig. 1 (10), microcomputer 102, col. 2, lines 56-64) determining whether the stored information on the input buttons is information on input buttons related to selection of external inputs into the display apparatus; (the remote controller can be preset so that microcomputer 102 can generate a remote control signal code decodable by plurality of target device modes, col. 2, lines 49-64) changing an equipment mode of the universal remote control to a display apparatus mode when the stored information on the input buttons is the information on the input buttons related to the selection of the external inputs into the display apparatus; (col. 3, lines 5-15, different operation of modes, CD key of key group 201, VCR mode and TV mode) and transmitting key codes according to the stored information on the input buttons and the changed equipment mode of the universal remote control (col. 3, lines 42-57).

Regarding claim 5, Takahashi teaches transmitting key codes according to a current equipment mode of the universal remote control and the stored information on the input buttons when the stored information on the input buttons is not the information on the input buttons related to the selection of the external inputs into the display apparatus (col. 3, lines 42-65).

Application/Control Number: 10/633,618 Page 4

Art Unit: 2629

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 2-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Takahashi et al. in view of Tetsuya (Japanese Publication # 08-237777).

Regarding claim 2, Takahashi does not teach, "restoring the equipment mode of the universal remote control to the stored unchanged equipment mode of the universal remote control, after the step of transmitting the key codes according to the stored information on the input buttons and the changed equipment mode of the universal remote control.

Tetsuya on the other hand teaches after a proper operation of a ten-key (4a), when a power key (3) to start transmission of a command code is operated within 10sec, a command code is preset and then preset mode is terminated and the mode restores to the usual mode.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Takahashi's remote control shown in Fig. 2 to adapt Tetsuya's mode restoration as illustrated in Fig. 1 because restorable mode helps allow a remote controller to effectively output command signals as taught by Tetsuya.

Art Unit: 2629

Regarding claim 3, Tetsuya teaches the input buttons related to the selection of the external inputs include at least one of a select button and a cancel button (Fig. 1 (8), a preset key).

Regarding claim 4, Tetsuya teaches the input buttons related to the selection of the external inputs include direction buttons (Fig. 1(7), up-and -down keys).

4. Claims 6 and 9-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Takahashi et al. in view of Shibmiya (USPN 6795130).

Regarding claims 6 and 9, Takahashi teaches a method of controlling a universal remote control for remotely controlling a plurality of equipment including a display apparatus, comprising (Fig. 2 (201), key group) the steps of: displaying a menu list for selection of external inputs into the display apparatus and storing information on input buttons to be subsequently selected when an external input select button of the universal remote control is selected; (col. 2, lines 25-64) determining whether the stored information on the input buttons is information on input buttons related to the selection of the external inputs into the display apparatus; (col. 2, lines 49-55) changing an equipment mode of the universal remote control to a display apparatus mode when the stored information on the input buttons is the information on the input buttons related to the selection of the external inputs into the display apparatus; (different operation modes, CD mode (201), VCR mode, and TV mode) and transmitting key codes according to the stored information on the input buttons and the changed equipment mode of the universal remote control, (col. 3, lines 42-67).

Takahashi does not teach performing cursor movement, or cancellation in the menu list for the selection of the external inputs into the display apparatus.

Page 6

Shibmiya on the other hand teaches The menu key (201f) which is a key for display of a menu screen of various settings and operations of the TV receiver and various settings can be made on the menu screen through manipulation of the execute key (201g) cursor key (201h), and cancel keys (201j) (Fig. 4 (201j, 201h, 201f), and col. 5, lines 24-27).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Takahashi's remote control shown in Fig. 2 to adapt Shibmiya's menu, cursor and cancel keys (201f, 201h, 201j) as configured in Fig. 4 because the use of menu key helps function a remote controller device more effectively as taught by Shibmiya.

Regarding claim 10, Shibmiya teaches the input buttons related to the selection of the external inputs include at least one of a select button, a cancel button, and direction buttons (col. 5, lines 24-27).

5. Claims 7-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Takahashi et al. in view of Shibmiya (USPN 6795130) further in view of Tetsuya (Japanese Publication # 08-237777).

Regarding claim 7, Takahashi in view of Shibmiya does not teach, "restoring the equipment mode of the universal remote control to the stored unchanged equipment mode of the

Application/Control Number: 10/633,618

Art Unit: 2629

universal remote control, after the step of transmitting the key codes according to the stored information on the input buttons and the changed equipment mode of the universal remote control.

Tetsuya on the other hand teaches after a proper operation of a ten-key (4a), when a power key (3) to start transmission of a command code is operated within 10sec, a command code is preset and then preset mode is terminated and the mode restores to the usual mode.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to further modify Takahashi's modified remote control shown in Fig. 2 to adapt

Tetsuya's mode restoration as illustrated in Fig. 1 because restorable mode helps allow a remote controller to effectively output command signals as taught by Tetsuya.

Regarding claim 8, Shibmiya teaches the input buttons related to the selection of the external inputs include at least one of a select button, a cancel button, and direction buttons (col. 5, lines 24-27).

Conclusion

6. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period

Page 8

Application/Control Number: 10/633,618

Art Unit: 2629

will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing

date of this final action.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Abbas I. Abdulselam whose telephone number is (571) 272 7685.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 9:00 A.M. to 5:30 P.M.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Richard Hjerpe can be reached on (571) 272-7691. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Abbas Abdulselam

Examiner

Art Unit 2629

April 14, 2006

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600